

BY550-50 THRU BY550-1000 STANDARD RECOVERY RECTIFIER VOLTAGE - 50 TO 1000 VOLTS CURRENT - 5.0 AMPERES

FEATURES

- High surge current capability
- Low reverse leakage
- Low forward voltage drop
- 5.0 Amperes operation T_A = 60°C with no thermal runaway
- Plastic package has Underwriters Laboratory Flammability Classification 94V-0
- Exceeds environmental standards of MIL-STD-19500/228

DO-201AD						
Dim	Min	Max				
A	25.40	-				
В	7.20	9.50				
С	1.20	1.30				
D	4.80	5.30				
All Dimensions in mm						

MECHANICAL DATA

Case: DO-201AD molded plastic Terminals: Plated axial leads, solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208 Polarity: Color band denotes cathode end Weight: 0.04 ounce, 1.2 grams

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified Single phase ,half-wave ,60 Hz resistive or inductive load For capacitive load, derate current by 20%

	SYMBOL	BY550- 50	BY550- 100	BY550- 200	BY550- 400	BY550- 600	BY550- 800	BY550- 1000	UNITS
Maximum Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	Vrrm	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	Volts
Maximum RMS Voltage	Vrms	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	Volts
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	Vdc	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	Volts
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current	Lens	5.0							Amps
0.375" (9.5mm) Lead Length at T _A = 60 $^{\circ}$ C	I(AV)								
Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3ms Single	IE6M	300							Amps
Half Sine-Wave Superimposed on Rated Load	IFSIVI								
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage	\/_	1.1							Volts
at 5.0A	VF								
Maximum DC Reverse Current $T_A = 25 °C$		20 500							μA
at Rated DC Blocking Voltage $T_A = 100$ °C	IR								
Typical Junction Capacitance (NOTE 1)	CJ	50						pF	
Typical Thermal Resistance (NOTE 2)	RθJA	30						°C/W	
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	TJ, TSTG	- 55 to + 150						°C	

NOTES:

1. Measured at 1.0MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0 volts

2. Thermal resistance from junction to ambient at 0.375" (9.5mm) lead length P.C.B. mounted



BY550-50 THRU BY550-1000



Figure 1. Typical Forward Current Derating Curve



Figure 3. Typical Instantaneous Forward Characteristics



Figure 2. Maximum Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current



Figure 4. Typical Reverse Characteristics

